

EL Mini Top View LED 1608-C70050H-AM(CG)

Preliminary



Features

- Package : PLCC 2 package
- Color : Cool White
- Typ. Luminance Intensity : 450 mcd @ 5mA
- Viewing angle : 120°
- ESD : 2 kV
- MSL : 2
- Compliance with RoHS & REACH
- Compliance Halogen Free. (Br<900ppm,Cl<900ppm,Br+Cl<1500ppm)

Applications

- Automotive Interior Lighting.
- Switches.
- Light guide design.

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1. Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Forward Current		I_F	1	5	20	mA	---
Luminous Intensity		I_V	390	450	610	mcd	$I_F=5\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage		V_F	2.25	2.75	3.25	V	$I_F=5\text{ mA}$
Viewing Angle		ϕ	---	120	---	deg	$I_F=5\text{ mA}$
Color		CIE x	---	0.288	---		$I_F=5\text{ mA}$
Color		CIE y	---	0.27	---	---	$I_F=5\text{ mA}$
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Solder)	Real	$R_{th\ JS\ real}$	---	200	---	K/W	$I_F=5\text{ mA}$
	Electrical	$R_{th\ JS\ el}$	---	170	---		

Notes:

1. Luminous Flux measurement tolerance: $\pm 8\%$.
2. The data of Luminous Flux measured at thermal pad=25°C
3. Forward voltage measurement tolerance: $\pm 0.05\text{V}$
4. Tolerance of Chromaticity Coordinates x,y : ± 0.005

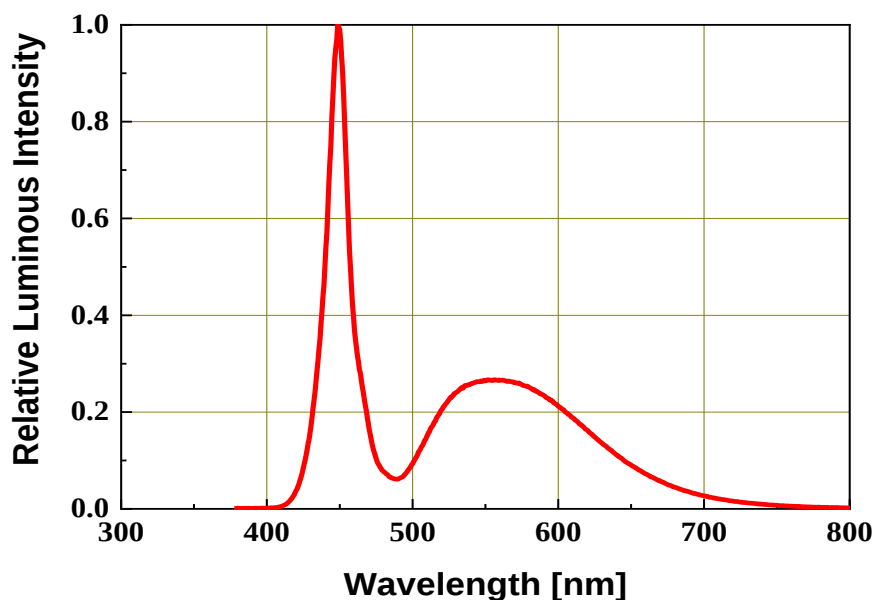
2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Power Dissipation	P_d	65	mW
Forward Current	I_F	20	mA
Surge Current ($t \leq 10 \mu s$; $D=0.005$; $T_s=25^\circ C$)	I_{FM}	50	mA
Reverse Voltage	V_R	Not designed for reverse operation	V
Junction Temperature	T_J	125	$^\circ C$
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	-40 ~ +110	$^\circ C$
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40 ~ +110	$^\circ C$
ESD Sensitivity ($R=1.5k\Omega$, $C=100pF$)	ESD_{HBM}	2	kV
Soldering Temperature	Reflow	260 $^\circ C$ for 30sec	$^\circ C$

3. Characteristics Graph

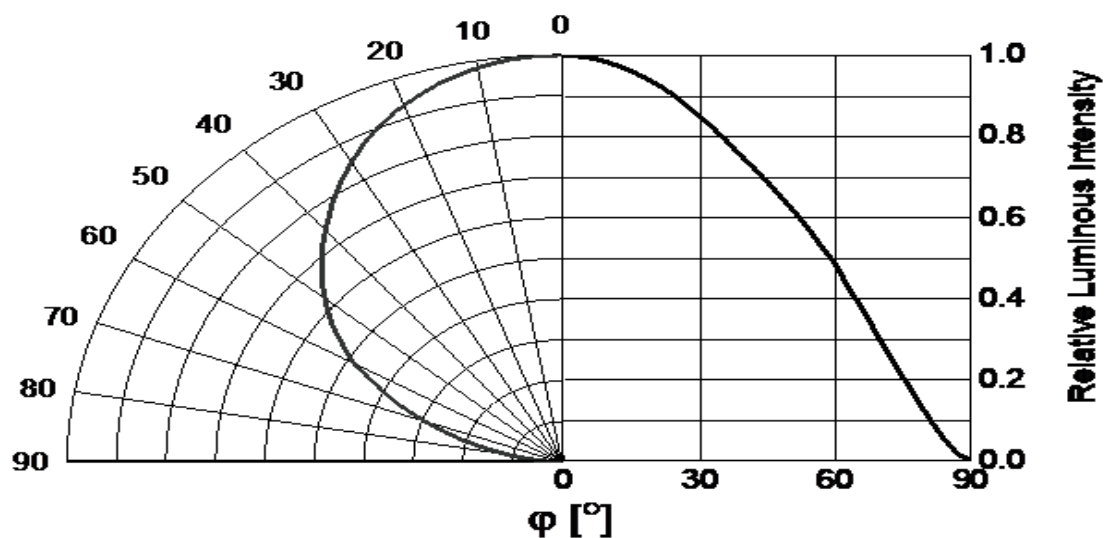
Wavelength Characteristics Relative Spectral Distribution
@ Ts = 25°C, I_F=5mA

$$\Phi_V / \Phi_V (Max.) = f(\lambda)$$



Typical Diagram Characteristics of Radiation

$$\Phi_V / \Phi_V (0^\circ) = f(\varphi)$$

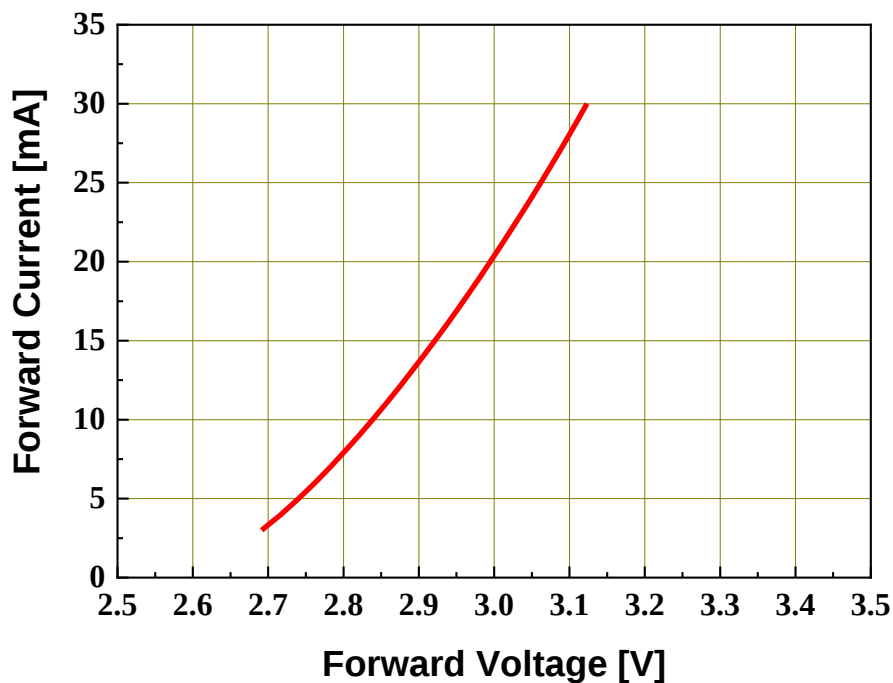


Notes:

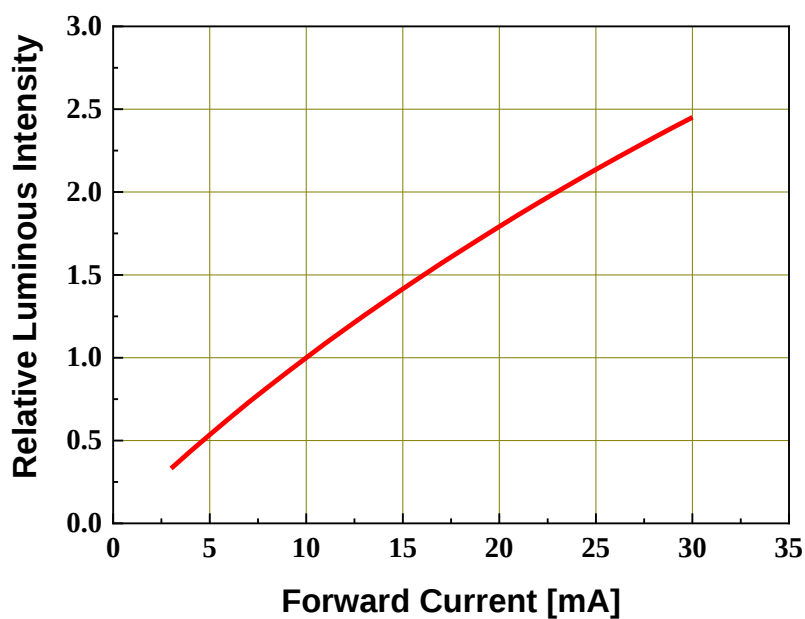
1. φ is the off axis angle from lamp centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the peak value.
2. View angle tolerance is $\pm 5^\circ$.

Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage
@ Ts = 25°C

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



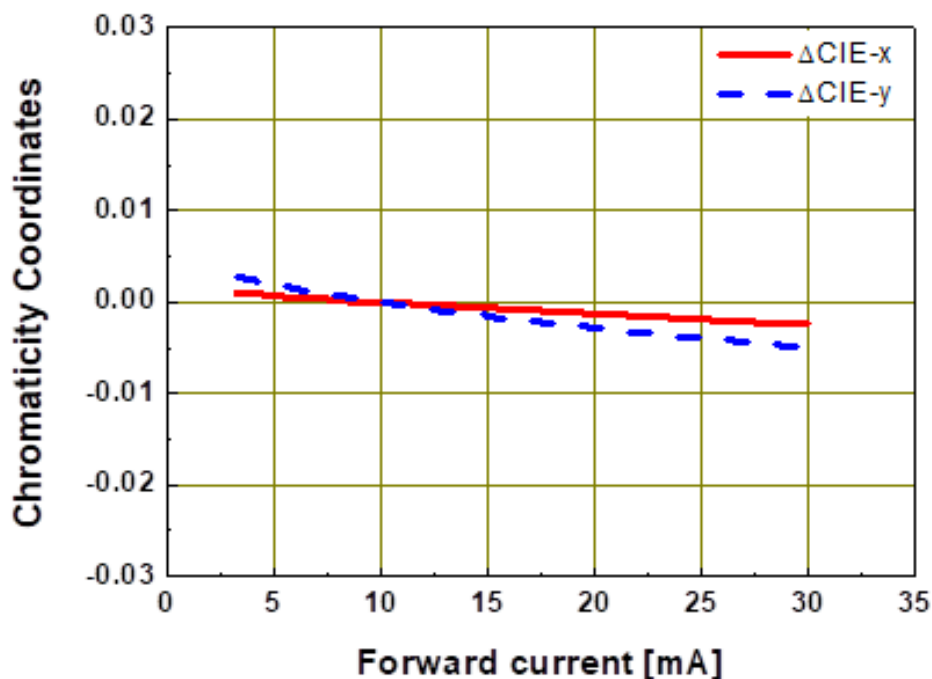
Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current
@ Ts = 25°C



Chromaticity Coordinates Shift vs. Forward Current

@ $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$

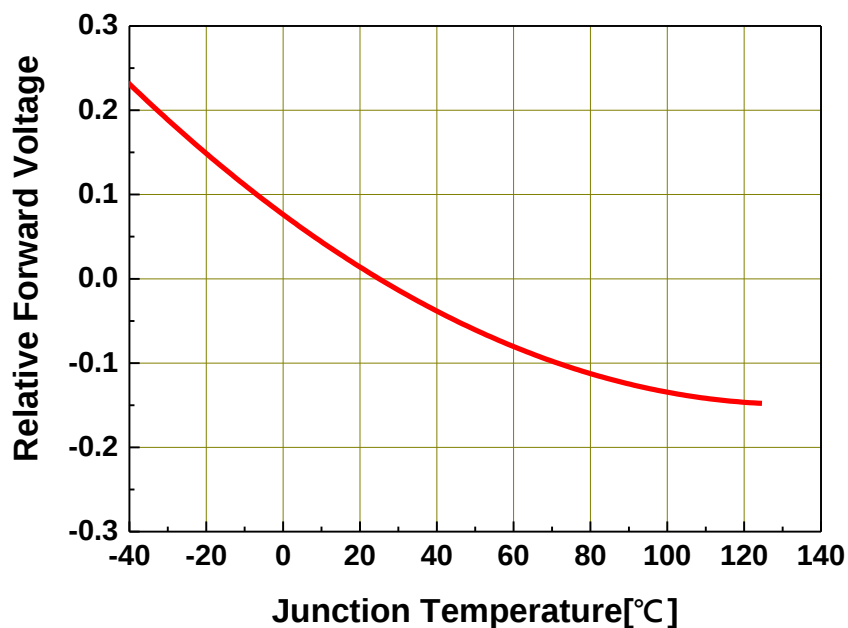
$$\Delta CIE\ x, \Delta CIE\ y = f(I_F)$$



Relative Forward Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

@ $I_F = 5\text{mA}$

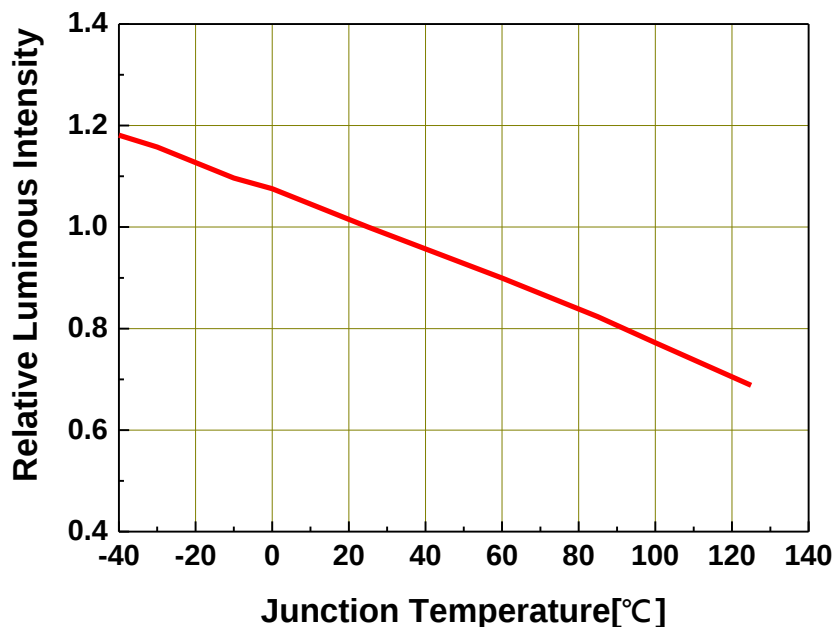
$$\Delta V_F = V_F - V_F(25^\circ\text{C}) = f(T_j)$$



Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Junction Temperature

@ $I_F=5\text{mA}$

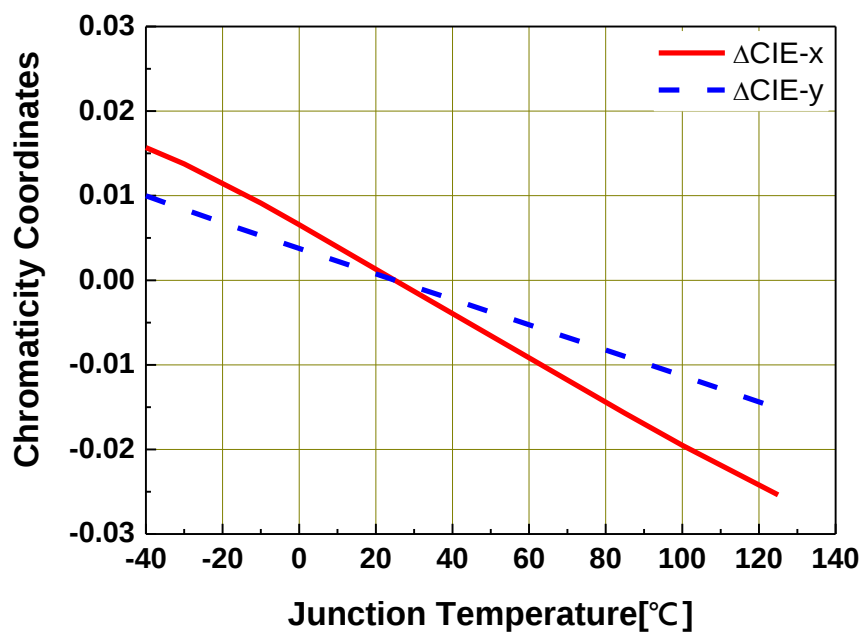
$$\Phi_V / \Phi_V(25^\circ\text{C}) = f(T_j)$$



Chromaticity Coordinates Shift vs. Junction Temperature

@ $I_F=5\text{mA}$

$$\Delta CIE\ x, \Delta CIE\ y = f(T_j)$$



4. Binning Information

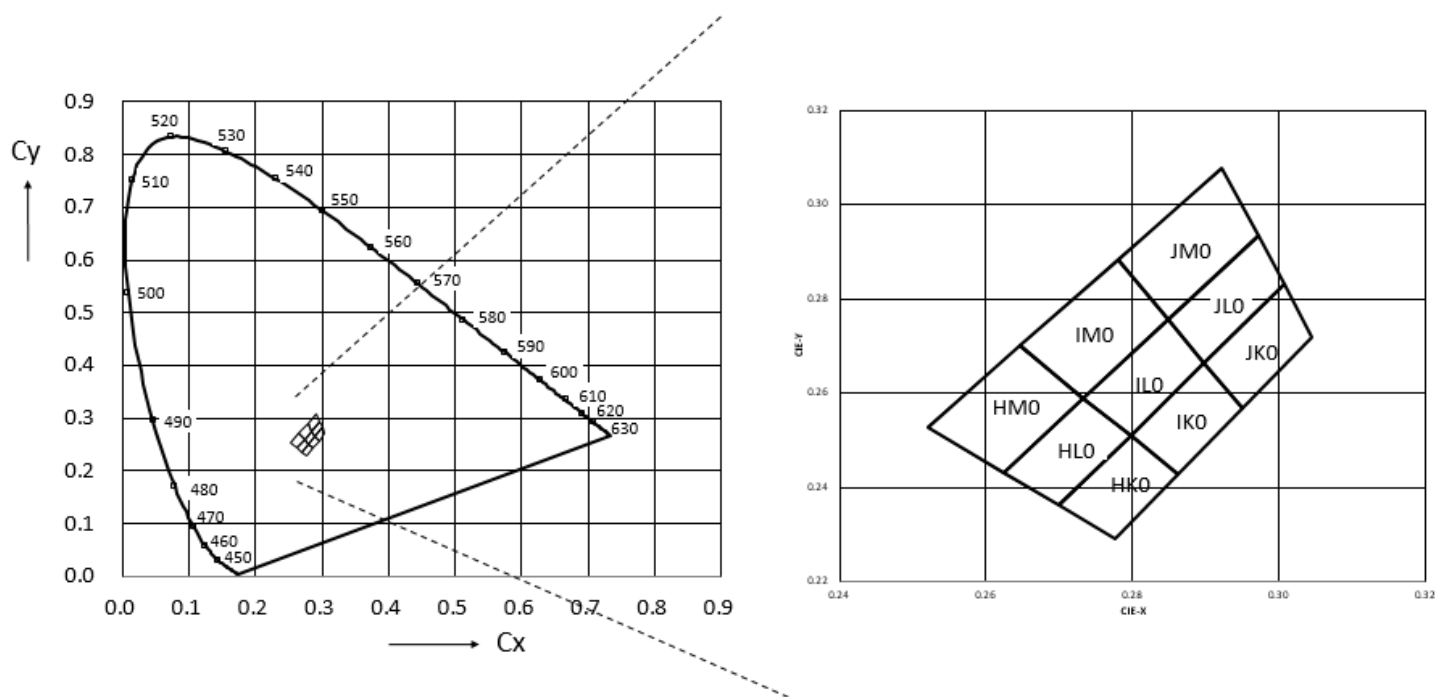
Luminous Intensity Bins

Group	Bin	Minimum Luminous Intensity (mcd)	Maximum Luminous Intensity (mcd)
Q	1	71	82
	2	82	97
	3	97	112
R	1	112	130
	2	130	150
	3	150	180
S	1	180	210
	2	210	240
	3	240	280
T	1	280	330
	2	330	390
	3	390	450
U	1	450	520
	2	520	610
	3	610	710
V	1	710	820
	2	820	970
	3	970	1120
A	1	1120	1300
	2	1300	1500
	3	1500	1800
B	1	1800	2100
	2	2100	2400
	3	2400	2800

Notes:

1. Luminous flux measurement tolerance: $\pm 8\%$.
2. Highlighted Black Box is possible output bins.

Standard White Color Bin Structure



Cool White Color Bin Coordinates

Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y	Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y	Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y
HMO	0.2624	0.2431	IMO	0.2733	0.2590	JMO	0.2848	0.2757
	0.2520	0.2527		0.2646	0.2700		0.2780	0.2883
	0.2646	0.2700		0.2780	0.2883		0.2922	0.3077
	0.2733	0.2590		0.2848	0.2757		0.2971	0.2935
HLO	0.2700	0.2361	ILO	0.2797	0.2509	JLO	0.2898	0.2664
	0.2624	0.2431		0.2733	0.2590		0.2848	0.2757
	0.2733	0.2590		0.2848	0.2757		0.2971	0.2935
	0.2797	0.2509		0.2898	0.2664		0.3007	0.2830
HKO	0.2775	0.2292	IKO	0.2861	0.2427	JKO	0.2950	0.2568
	0.2700	0.2361		0.2797	0.2509		0.2898	0.2664
	0.2797	0.2509		0.2898	0.2664		0.3007	0.2830
	0.2861	0.2427		0.2950	0.2568		0.3045	0.2717

Forward Voltage Bins

Bin code	Min Forward Voltage [V]	Max Forward Voltage [V]
1012	1.00	1.25
1215	1.25	1.50
1517	1.50	1.75
1720	1.75	2.00
2022	2.00	2.25
2225	2.25	2.50
2527	2.50	2.75
2730	2.75	3.00
3032	3.00	3.25
3235	3.25	3.50
3537	3.50	3.75
3740	3.75	4.00
4042	4.00	4.25
4245	4.25	4.50
4547	4.50	4.75
4750	4.75	5.00
5052	5.00	5.25
5255	5.25	5.50
5557	5.50	5.75
5760	5.75	6.00
6062	6.00	6.25
6265	6.25	6.50
6567	6.50	6.75
6770	6.75	7.00

Notes:

1. Forward voltage measurement tolerance: $\pm 0.05V$.
2. Forward voltage bins are defined at $I_F=5mA$ operation.
3. Highlighted Black Box is possible output bins.

5. Part Number

1608-C70050H-AM

Part number is designated with below details.

1608 = Product family name.

C = Color ^[1]

7 = CRI (0=N/A; >70%=7; >80%=8; >90%=9)

005 = Test current [mA]

0 = Lead Frame Type (0=Ag ; 1=Au ; 2=MLP)

H = Brightness Level (H=High ; M=Medium ; L=Low)

AM = Automotive application

Note

[1] Color :

Symbol	Description
C	Cool White
N	Neutral White
W	Warm White
PA	Phosphor Converted Amber
PR	Phosphor Converted Red
UB	Blue
IB	Ice Blue
SB	Sky Blue
UP	Purple
UG	Green
UY	Yellow
UYG	Brilliant Yellow Green
UPG	Pale Green
UA	Amber
UR	Red
SR	Super Red
RGB	RGB-Color
PYG	Phosphor Converted Yellow Green

6. Ordering Information

1608- C70050H-**ABCDEFGHJKLMNO-PQ-AM**

Part Number of the 1608	Order Code
1608-C70050H-AM	1608-C70050H-ABCDEFGHJKLMNO-PQ-AM

Order code contains information with below details :

ABCDEF = min/max wavelength or CCT

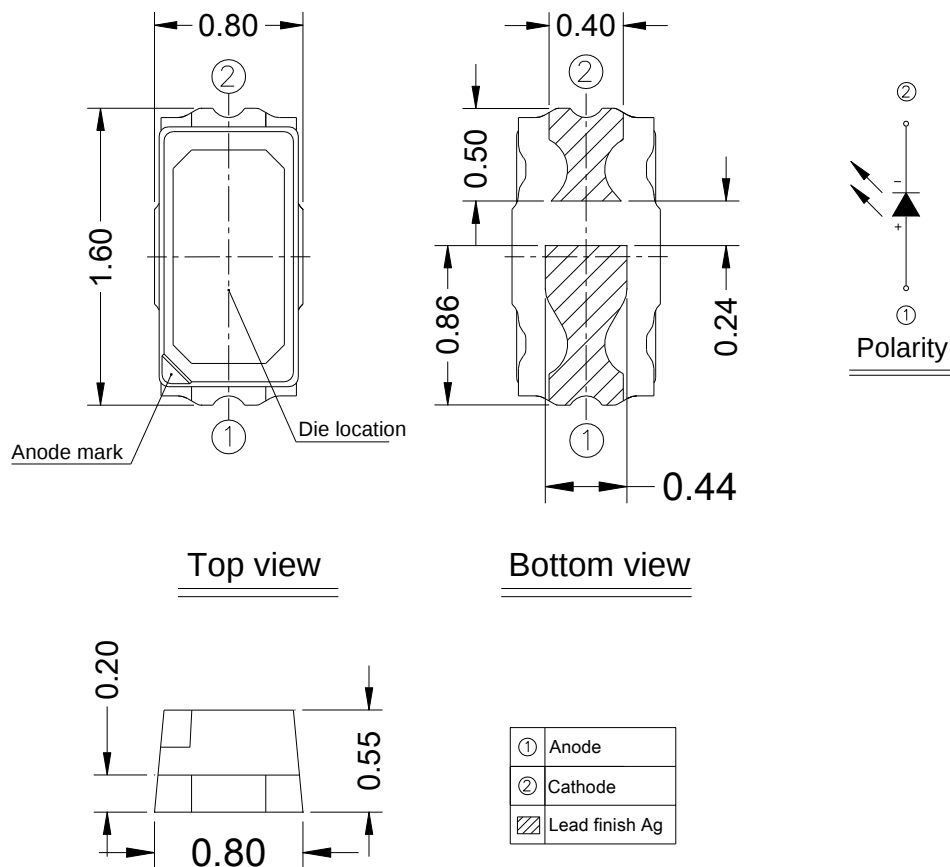
GHJK = min./max. luminous flux in [lm] or luminous intensity in [mcd]

LMNO = min./max. forward voltage

PQ = internal code

AM = Automotive Application

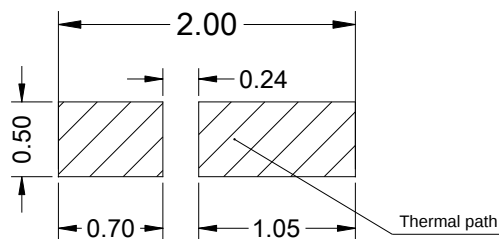
7. Mechanical Dimension



Notes:

1. Dimensions are in millimeters.
2. Tolerances unless mentioned are $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$.

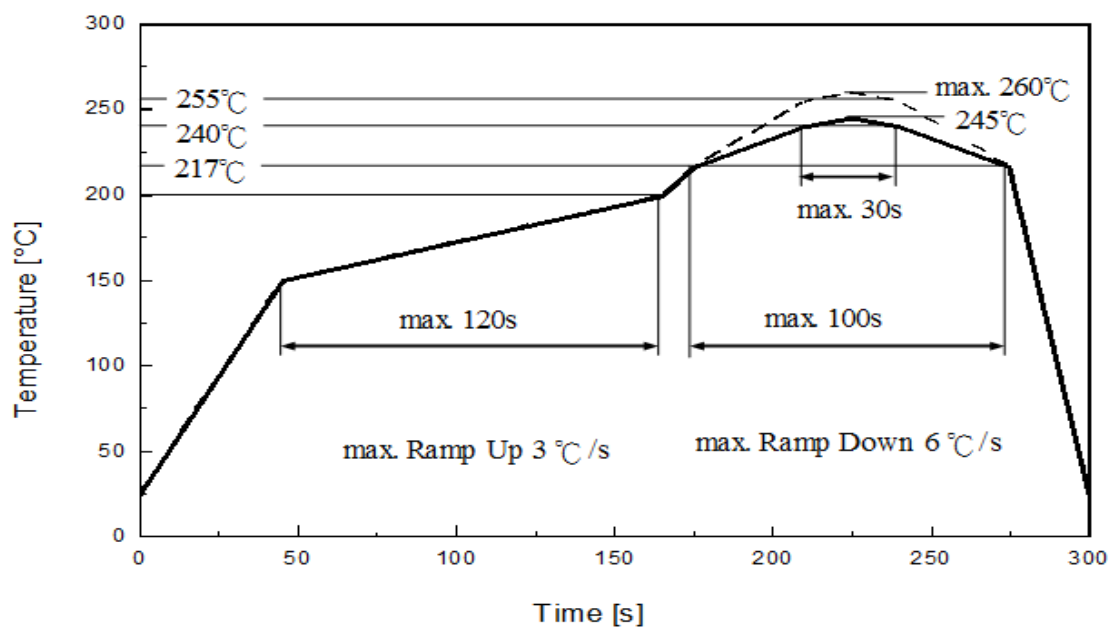
8. Recommended Soldering Pad



Soldering Pad

9. Reflow Soldering Profile

Soldering Condition (Reference: IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D)



Profile Feature	Pb-Free Assembly	Unit
	Recommendation	
Ramp-up rate to preheat 25 °C to 150 °C	3	°C /sec
Time of soaking zone 150 °C to 200 °C	120	sec
Ramp-up rate to peak	3	°C /sec
Liquidus temperature	217	°C
Time above liquidus temperature	100	sec
Peak temperature (max.)	260	°C
Time within 5°C of the specified peak temperature	30	sec
Ramp-down Rate (max.)	6	°C /sec

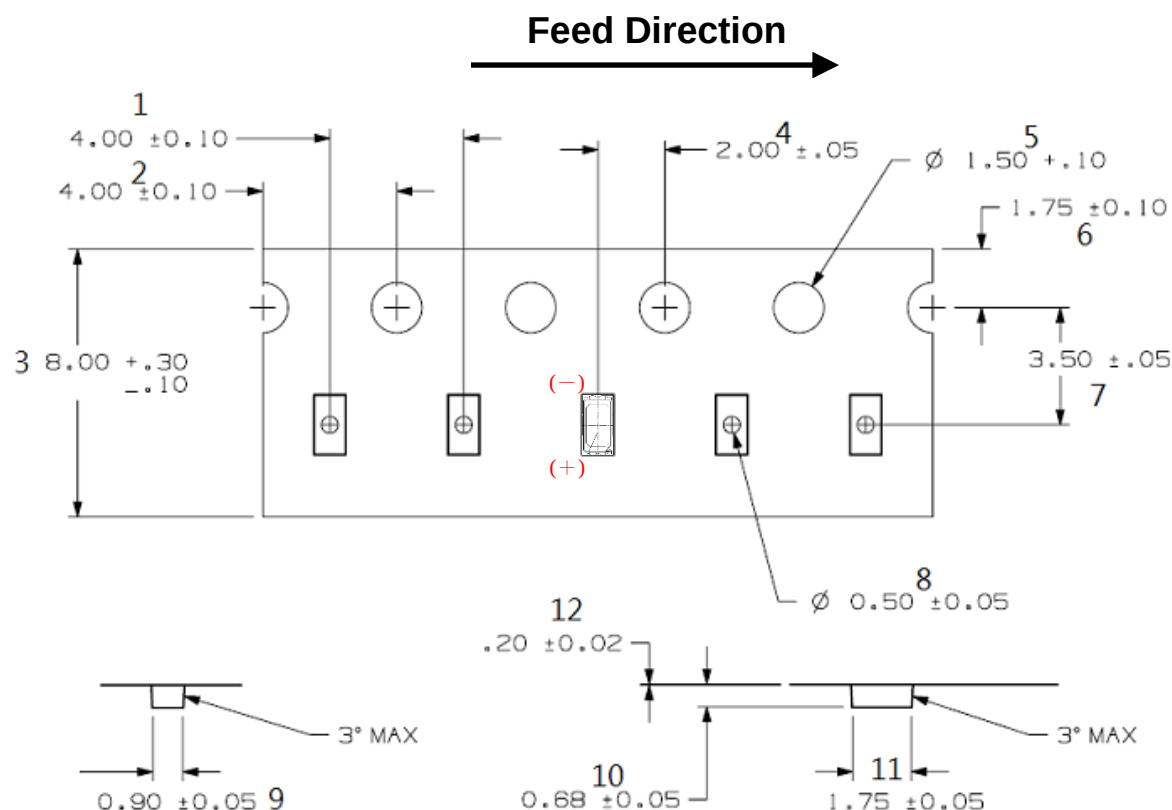
10. Packaging Information

• Product Labeling



- CPN : Customer's Product Number
- P/N : Everlight Part Number
- QTY : Packing Quantity
- CAT : Luminous Flux (Brightness) Bin
- HUE : Color Bin
- REF : Forward Voltage Bin
- LOT No : Lot Number

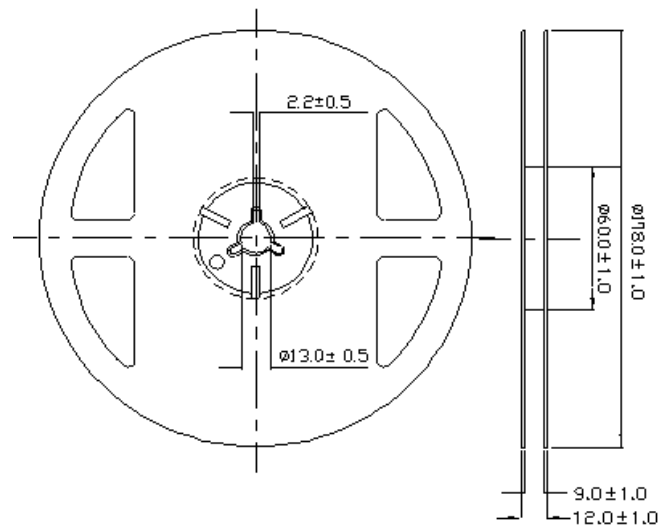
• Packing: Loaded Quantity 2000 pcs Per Reel



Notes:

1. Dimensions are in millimeters.

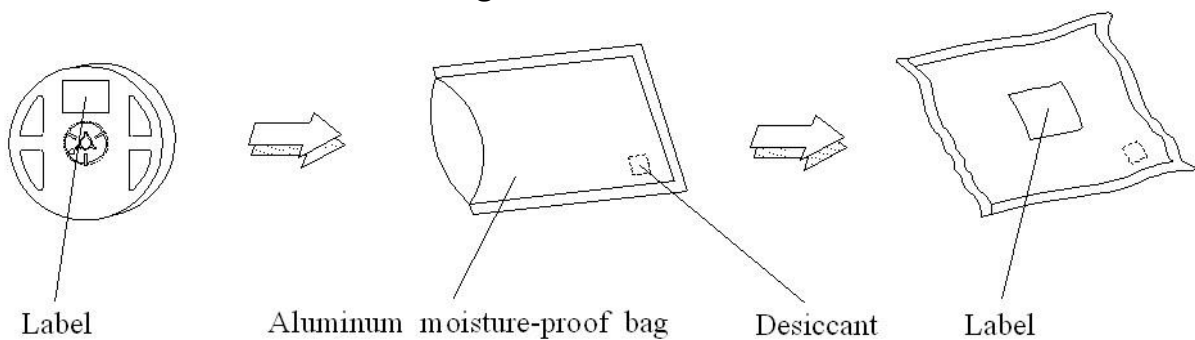
- **Reel Dimensions**



Notes:

1. Dimensions are in millimeters.

- **Moisture Resistant Packing Process**



11. Precaution for Use

1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection; otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (burn out will happen).

2. Assemblies

Do not stack assemblies containing LEDs to prevent damage to the optical surface of LEDs. Forces applied to the optical surface may result in the surface being damaged.

3. Soldering Condition

3.1 When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.

3.2 After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.

4. Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than 350°C for 3 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

5. Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.

